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DEPOT ROAD NURSERIES

COPE BROTHERS, PROP'S.



INTRODUCTION

We are glad to have you give your attention for a few minutes to our catalogue, believing you will find much information that is profitable as well as interesting, whether you have made up your mind to plant any new stock this year or not.

The conditions of the world's markets are more favorable than ever before for the Fruit Grower, and the general slump in prices of Agricultural products other than Fruits has fully justified the foresight of those who have planted Fruit trees, plants, and vines, in place of devoting all their time to grain farming. While the demand for grains may depend upon the financial resources of Europe, or the condition of the crops in South America or Australia, the welfare of the Fruit Grower depends upon his ability to supply an increasing demand for his products right at his door, and without competition with other countries or conditions. The days of big and quick money in farming have been succeeded by the necessity of having a moderate amount of many things to sell, and the most profitable of these is fruit.

It is no longer a distinction to own a fine automobile, but it is a distinction to have a well planted home. We call especial attention to our fine line of Shrubbery, as the financial value of planting Shrubbery and Ornamentals has amply proven that those residences which were well planted have been sold at a handsome price over the plain buildings, and we feel more free than ever to urge the planting of well arranged grounds for both profit and pleasure.

This knowledge of local conditions and results in this part of Ohio is one of the strongest claims we have for your patronage. You can send your orders to the four corners of the earth, but you will nowhere receive the service based upon exact knowledge that we can give you, the freedom from loss of stock long on the road and the loss of vitality because it has been long dug and often handled, and we trust you will consult us before placing your orders elsewhere.

In the Nursery trade there has grown up a standard of ethics which is observed by all reputable nurserymen, and you are respectfully referred to these terms and conditions when placing your orders:

THE SHIPPING SEASON generally begins from the first to the middle of April in the spring, and about the 15th of October in the autumn.

EARLY ORDERS—To one familiar with the rush at the packing season, it must be obvious that it is impossible to fill an order requiring much time in its preparation on short notice without doing an injustice to others who have their orders previously booked. In fairness to all, we have adopted the practice of filling orders in the rotation received, unless orders are received far enough ahead of the packing season, with instructions to ship at a given date, so that we can arrange a special shipping date. So we again say—place your orders as far in advance of shipping as you possibly can, stating when you would like stock sent.

REPLACING STOCK—We cannot agree to replace stock simply because "it did not grow," as many conditions affect the growth, such as weather conditions, exposure at planting time, lack of knowledge of proper planting, etc., over which the nurseryman has no control after the stock leaves his care. We use great care to get the stock to the planter in good condition, and after that we believe our responsibility should cease, but planters will find that losses will be very small from our stock when conditions are favorable.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—Cash must come with order unless otherwise specially agreed upon. Make checks, money orders, or bank drafts payable to Cope Brothers. We have arranged to pack all orders free of charge and deliver same to transportation company at which time they are in the risk of the buyer, and all claims for damage because of delays should be presented to the railroad company.

WHEN STOCK ARRIVES—If it cannot be planted at once, it should be unpacked and thoroughly soaked with water, and either placed in a cellar or buried in the ground well covered with earth. If frozen when received, bury the box or bale under the ground, or place in a cellar where it will thaw out gradually. Or stock can be removed and entirely immersed in cold water for a few minutes, which will safely remove the frost.

OUR GUARANTEE—While we use great care to have our stock genuine and true to label, all orders are accepted with the express understanding and agreement with the purchaser, that should any stock prove not true to label, we hold ourselves ready upon proper proof to refund the money paid for it, or will replace with other stock, but shall not be liable to damages other than herein named.

Certificate of Nursery Inspection Furnished With All Shipments.

Apples

We recommend the planting of thrifty trees from one to two years old and from 4 to 6 feet high, as such are more safely handled than older and larger trees.

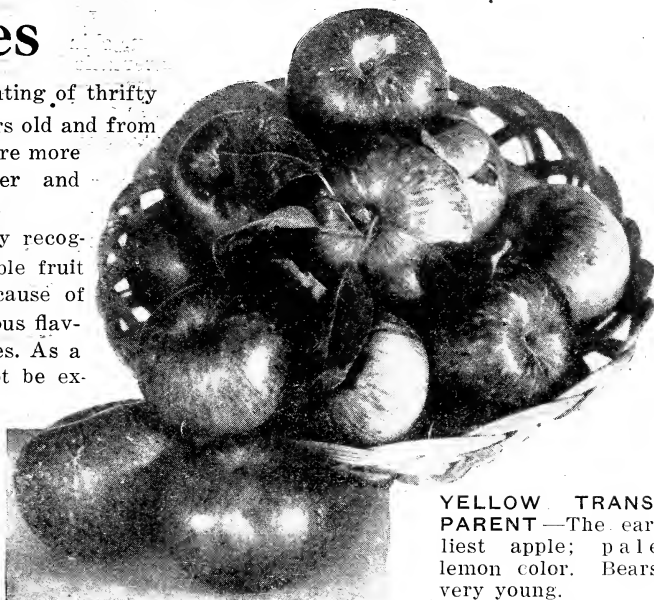
The apple is universally recognized as the most desirable fruit of the United States, because of its great variety of delicious flavors and nutritious qualities. As a commercial crop it cannot be excelled, or for the satisfaction of the family, a well selected orchard of a few varieties is a most desirable investment for any land owner to place on his premises.

SUMMER VARIETIES

EARLY HARVEST—Medium to large size, almost round, bright yellow skin, of good quality and a good bearer.

RED ASTRACHAN—Large and a great bearer; deep crimson; rather sour but fine for cooking.

SWEET BOUGH—Fine size and very sweet; is a good bearer; pale yellow, ripens in August.



YELLOW TRANSPARENT—The earliest apple; pale lemon color. Bears very young.

FALL VARIETIES

CHENANGO STRAWBERRY—Fruit is oblong shaped and flesh of fine quality, yellow, striped with red, good bearer and fine for eating.

COMMON RAMBO—Medium size: the very best quality, good bearer, fine for eating, streaked with red on sunny side.

DUCHESS—Very hardy; a great bearer, good size, flesh tender and juicy; skin streaked with red and yellow.

FALL PIPPIN—Very large; skin yellow, good quality; valuable for cooking and market.

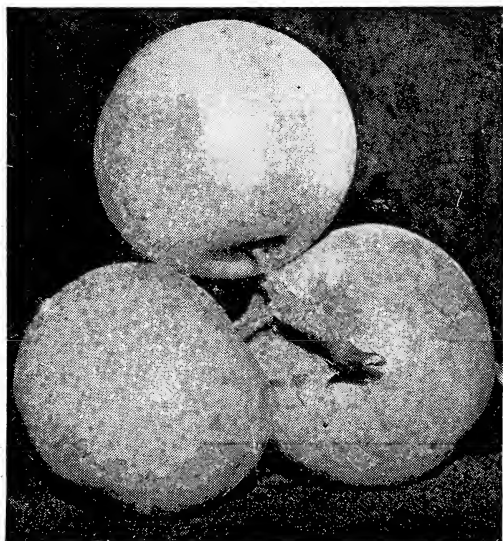
MAIDEN BLUSH—Large, flat, pale yellow with a red cheek; very beautiful, a good bearer.

OHIO NONPARIEL—Of largest size and the top notch in quality; brings highest market price on account of its beautiful red color, very hardy and valuable.

SMOKEHOUSE—Tree hardy and a good bearer, flesh tender and spicy and cooks well; very desirable.

SWEET WINESAP—Fruit of good size, bright red, good for baking, dessert or apple butter, tree a good bearer; fruit will keep till the holidays.

WEALTHY—Fruit of fair size, almost round and covered with brilliant red stripes, giving it an attractive appearance; tree grows medium size, very hardy and a heavy producer, starting to bear very young, fruit of good quality.



Yellow Transparent Apples

WINTER APPLE VARIETIES

BANANA—Good bearer; fruit perfect in form, skin golden yellow, good keeper, flesh tender and aromatic, good for dessert.

BALDWIN—The old standard. When planted in good rich soil and is properly pruned and sprayed, it has no superior for profit. Fine both for eating and cooking, fruit large, bright red, crisp and juicy. If in doubt what to plant, select Baldwin.

BEN DAVIS—A great bearer, tree extremely hardy, quality fair, good keeper. This apple has not many friends but it is a money maker on account of its fine color.

BLACK BEN DAVIS—Very large; extremely dark red, better in quality than the Ben Davis and a decided improvement.

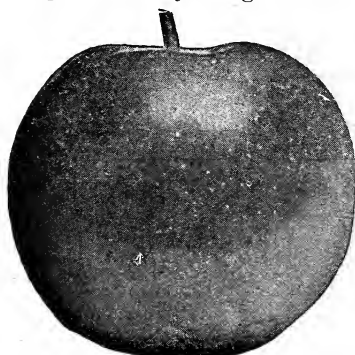
BENTLEY—Medium size; a great bearer, will keep the year round in good condition. Color light red, flesh rather sweet but will cook.

BLUE RAMBO—Very large and great bearer, light blue cast over red stripes, juicy and good.

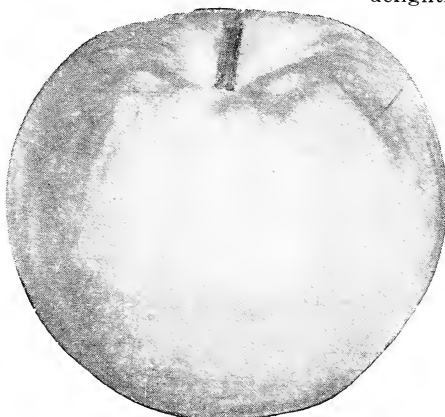
DELICIOUS—Light red in color, heavy bearer, flesh fine grained, juicy with a delightful aroma, must have good ground and culture or it will be undersize here.

ENSEE—A new variety originating in Southern Ohio. It is believed to be a seedling of the Rome Beauty which it resembles, but is an improvement on it in many respects. The fruit is of better quality and color than its parent and the tree is a better grower in the orchard. It is surely worth a trial.

FALLWATER (Waldour)—Large to very large with



McIntosh



Banana

GRIMES GOLDEN—Medium to large size; beautiful golden color, highest quality, good bearer.

HUBBARDSTON NONSUCH—Large size, skin yellow mottled with red; flesh tender, crisp and best quality, a heavy and regular bearer. Oct. to Jan.

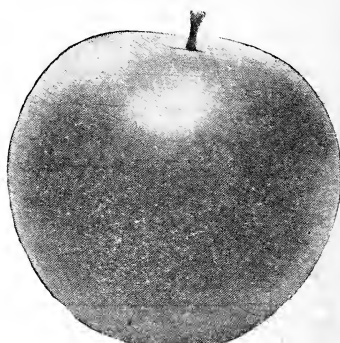
JONATHAN—Fine size and most beautiful appearance, pale yellow heavily flushed with red. Profitable for a market sort; very productive, flesh rich and juicy.

KING—Fruit very large, fine shape and color. Flesh crisp and tender, of good quality, very attractive.

LADY SWEET—Fruit large, round in shape, color bright red splashed with carmine, flesh tender and very sweet, tree is hardy, bears young and is one of the best winter sweet apples.

Mc INTOSH—Medium size; very dark red, making fine appearance, one of the most beautiful apples, good quality.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG—Very dark red and showy; tree hardy and good bearer. Much like the old Winesap.



Fameuse

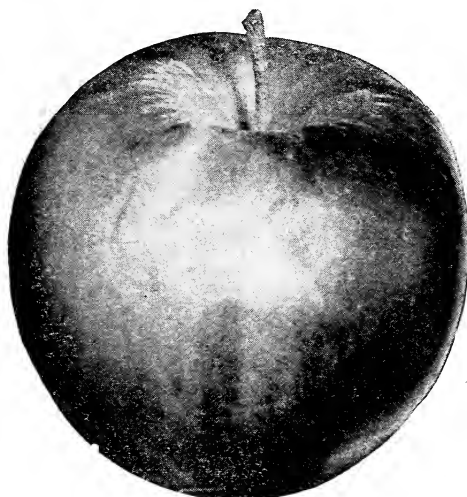
smooth skin, yellow, medium quality, a great bearer.

FAMEUSE OR SNOW—Fine for dessert, of medium size, striped red; flesh snowy white, delightful flavor.

FLUSHING SPITZENBERG—Great bearer, good size. is rather flat in shape, striped red and good quality.

GATE—Color yellow with oily skin; quality most excellent, a good bearer but tree is rather short lived.

GOLDEN RUSSET—Medium size; round, clear, gold russet with slight blush; very hardy, flesh is tender, crisp and juicy.



Ensee

NORTHERN SPY—This apple has no superior for beauty and quality; a little late in beginning to bear, but is productive after it starts. Very large, striped red next to sun, profitable.

OPALESCENT—Very large size and attractive appearance. Skin yellow almost covered with brilliant red, and numerous dots. Can be polished to shine like a mirror, flesh yellow and excellent.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING—A popular market sort from its large size and fine quality; beautiful yellow when ripe, very productive.

ROME BEAUTY—Now being largely planted as a leading market apple; large size, quality excellent, heavy and sure bearer, bright red all over, all combined make it a winner.

ROXBURY RUSSET—An old variety and believed to be the best of the Russet type. Large size, good quality and keeps well.

STARK—A heavy, sure bearer; fruit large, golden green with red stripes on sunny side; flesh yellow, mild sub-acid.

STAYMAN WINESAP—Now rated as the leading commercial apple, bears young, fine size, yellow skin beautifully covered with stripes of red and carmine, good keeper, flesh crisp juicy and best quality.

TALMAN SWEET—Very sweet, medium size, color pale yellow, tree vigorous and productive.

WAGNER—Good size, beautiful appearance, bears young, flesh firm and good quality.

WILLOW TWIG—Color dull red, long keeper, flesh yellow and firm, good size and heavy bearer.

WOLF RIVER—Very large, yellow with highly colored red cheeks; flesh white, spicy flavor; tree hardy and productive.

YORK IMPERIAL—Very productive and hardy, fruit fine size, smooth skin, yellow flushed with red giving it an attractive appearance; good quality, tree bears young.

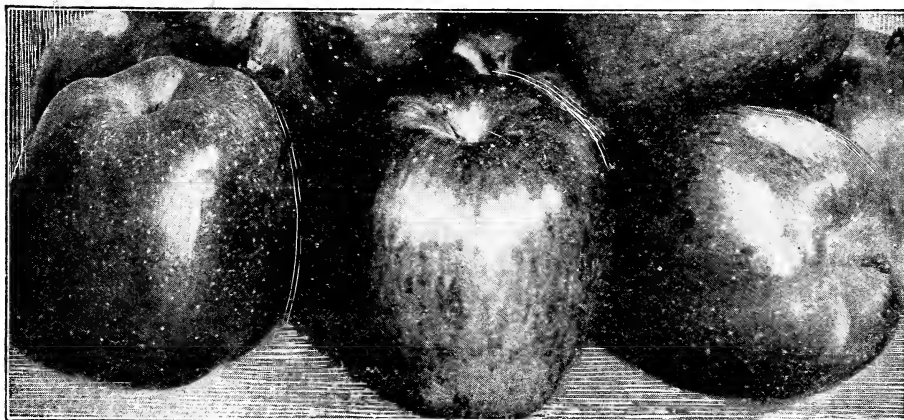
DWARF APPLES

These trees are budded on Doucine stock and grow to 8 to 10 feet in height, bearing very young and fruit of finest appearance. We have the following varieties: Red Astrachan, Banana, Wealthy, Baldwin, Transparent, Delicious, Spy, Stayman, and Jonathan.

CRAB APPLES

HYSLOP—Beautiful crimson, good size, great bearer, used for cider and jelly.

TRANSCENDENT—Beautiful yellow skin, very large, bears young, makes the finest cider and will cook.



Delicious

Choice Varieties of Peaches

YELLOW VARIETIES

ADMIRAL DEWEY—Medium size, yellow peach; good bearer, very early and good. July.

CROSBY—Medium size; flesh yellow and fine quality; heavy bearer, very hardy. September.

EARLY ELBERTA—Resembles the Elberta except that it ripens about a week earlier and is slightly better quality.

ELBERTA—Without question this is the leading commercial peach; very large, is handsome, bright yellow; flesh juicy and so firm that it stands shipping well; hardy and productive. September 1st to 15th.

EARLY CRAWFORD—Much like late Crawford in size and color; very good quality; ripens about September 1.

GARY—This is a chance seedling growing on the farm of G. C. Greenisen of Salem, Ohio. It has been producing crops regularly for the past several years, and the fruit is superior to anything else in the peach line that we have ever seen. Of immense size, averaging about one-half larger than Elberta, and slightly more elongated in shape, skin is yellow covered with bright red, causing it to make a most attractive appearance both while on the tree and in the market basket. Flesh yellow, firm, and excellent quality, and ripens about a week later than Elberta. Tree is yet hardy and free from disease, having received no extra care, and all indications are that it surpasses any other known variety in size, color, and quality and will equal the best in productiveness. We are offering a limited stock of this variety this year for the first time.

GOLDEN DROP—Bright, golden, very hardy, good bearer, best quality. September 15.

HALE—Very large, excellent quality, a most beautiful color but seems to be a rather shy bearer, ripens about Sept. 1st.

LEMON FREE—Very hardy; a heavy bearer, the highest quality lemon shape and color, best peach for home use. Late September.

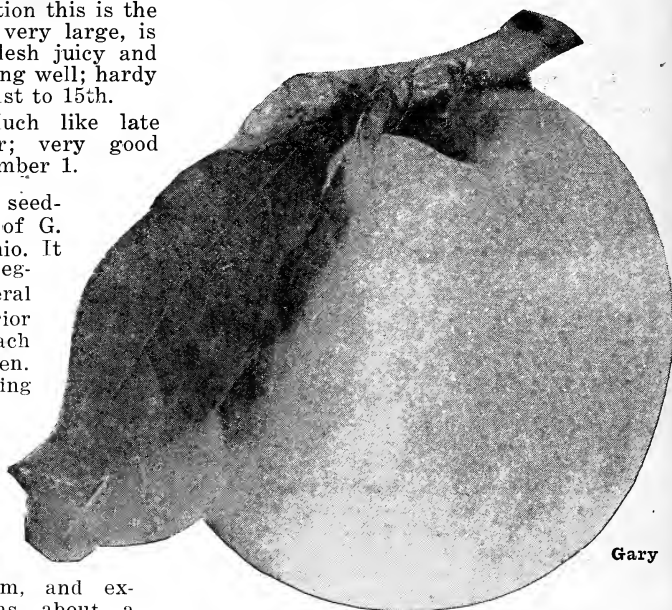
LATE CRAWFORD—Largest size; fine appearance; bears well; valuable market variety. September.

LEMON CLING—Very large; sweet, used for spicing; productive. September.

NIAGARA—A New York variety, ripening just after Elberta; has been well tested and found valuable; good quality, large size; productive. Late September.

KALAMAZOO—Large, golden yellow; small seed, good quality, productive. September.

ROCHESTER—A fine large yellow peach ripening about August 10, before other varieties come into market. A good bear-



Gary

er, fruit juicy and sweet, and one of the earliest freestone varieties.

SALWAY—Our latest peach; very large, creamy yellow with red cheek; flesh deep, rich and sweet, productive. October.

SMOCK—A fine, large variety valuable as market sort, very productive, flesh rich and juicy, fine for canning. Late September.

STEARNS—Very large, yellow flesh and bright red skin; ripens near Oct. 1st, tree a strong grower, hardy and very productive. Fruit has very thick skin and will stand shipping well, an all round good market variety.

SWEET OCTOBER—Very large, extremely late; most excellent quality and good bearer.

WILMA—Said to be very large, of best quality and a great cropper, ripens late.

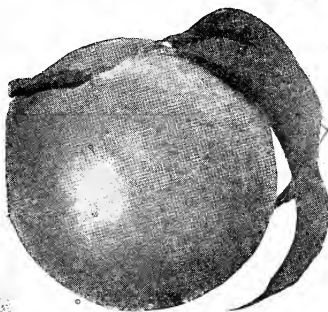
YELLOW ST. JOHN—Fruit almost round and good size, bright yellow skin, ripens August 20th.

WHITE FLESHED PEACH VARIETIES

BELLE OF GEORGIA—Very large; skin white with beautiful red cheek; productive. July.

CARMAN—An immense cropper; very beautiful red cheek; large, white with skin very tough, flesh juicy of the best quality; tree hardy, a good market sort. Early August.

CHAMPION—Of the finest appearance; fruit very large and delicious; comes in after Carman; productive; valuable. August 20.



Carman

HEATH CLING—Large; creamy white, very sweet; valuable for spicing. October.

MIXON—Large; great bearer; extremely hardy, flesh tender and juicy. Its canning and preserving qualities are unequalled. September.

STUMP—A most beautiful peach; large, red and white skin; flesh rich and juicy, a good cropper; tree hardy. Late September.

Excellent Flavored Pears

BARTLETT—Large, bright yellow with red blush; juicy and highly flavored; productive. September.

B. D. ANJOU—Large; greenish color, very hardy and productive; juicy, rich, vinous. October.

BOSC—Very large, long shaped, russet color, late fall or early winter season, best quality and productive.

CLAIRGEAU—Extremely large size, tree bears young; skin yellow, shaded with crimson, flesh juicy and excellent. Ripens in September.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE—Very large; long shaped; beautiful blush next to sun; of good quality; should be picked green and allowed to ripen in a cool place.

DUCHESSE—The largest pear; greenish yellow and good quality; succeeds better when grown as a dwarf. October.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Very sweet; productive and hardy; large and fine. September.

KIEFFER—An immense cropper and very hardy, fine color when ripened properly; a great market variety. October to January.

KOONCE—Of medium size, yellow, red cheek, very fine. Early.

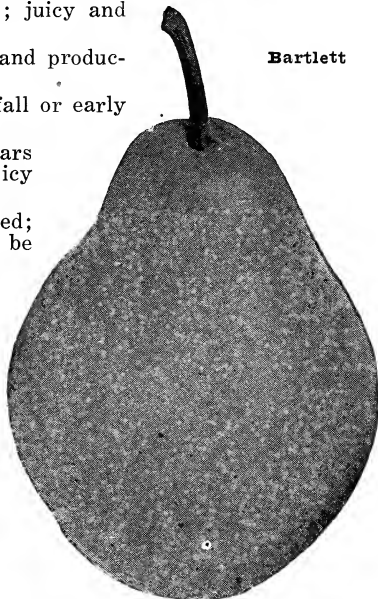
LAWRENCE—Medium size; bright golden yellow, productive and hardy; will keep all winter.

SHELDON—Russet color; quite large; round and of most excellent flavor, hardy and productive. Sept.

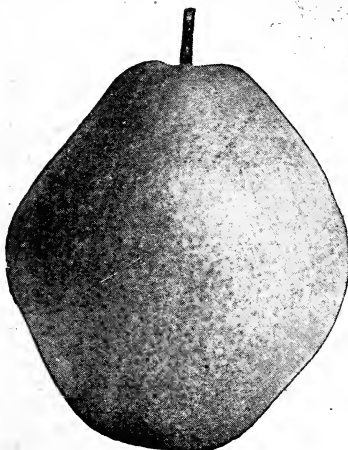
SECKEL—A little pear of the best quality; great bearer and hardy, best eating pear. September.

WILDER—Medium size, but a good bearer, and excellent flavor, good grower, fine color, early.

WORDEN SECKEL—Larger and later than Seckel, said to be superior in quality, a heavy bearer and very hardy.



Bartlett



Keiffer

DWARF PEARS

BARTLETT **DUCHESSE** **KIEFFER**
CLAPP'S FAVORITE **FLEMISH BEAUTY**

Dwarf pear trees can be planted where there is not much room, as they make only a small, round top and come into bearing at once, generally the second year.

Plums

ABUNDANCE—Japan variety of fair to large size, cherry red with white bloom; flesh yellow, clings to the seed, a rapid grower and bears young. Ripens last of July.

BRADSHAW—Very large; dark red, flesh green, productive, sells well in market. August.

BURBANK—A Japanese variety, great bearer, fruit large if thinned out, cherry red in color, flesh yellow and firm, and fair quality.

FELLENBERG (Italian Prune)—Very large and purple; ripens in September; used for drying.

GERMAN PRUNE—The great market sort; sells for highest price, large purple with thick blue bloom, hardy and productive. September.

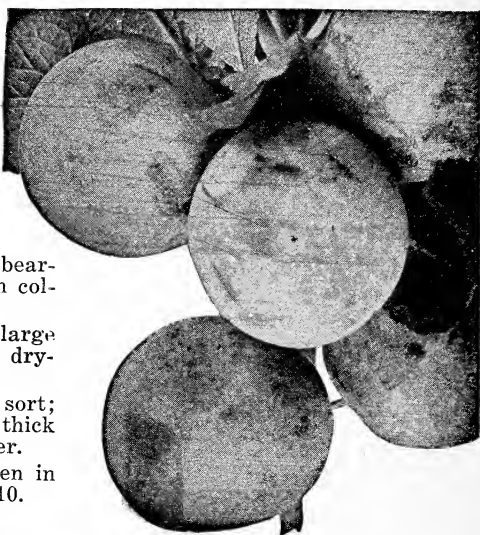
IMPERIAL GAGE—Good size; light green in color, sweet and juicy, productive. August 10.

LOMBARD—Very reliable and a sure bearer; fruit medium to large, dark red, pleasant flavor, thrives almost anywhere. August 20.

MONARCH—Very large, dark blue with green flesh which parts from the seed when ripe; good bearer, ripens late.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON—Very productive; the largest of the Damsons, always sells well in market; tree rather slow grower in nursery, fruit produced in clusters. Ripens late. October.

SHIPPERS PRIDE—Very large; dark purple, flesh is sweet and firm, stands shipping well. September.



Abundance Plums

YORK STATE PRUNE—Is extremely large; dark blue, prune shaped, a good bearer and fine for market. September.

QUINCES

BOURGEAT—Very large; round, golden color, small core, very productive and will keep well.

CHAMPION—Ripens late; very large; bears young, good cropper.

ORANGE—One of the largest; productive, hardy; bright golden yellow, fine; flesh firm and good flavor. Early Oct.

REAS MAMMOTH—Supposed to be a seedling of the Orange, larger in size, excellent.

NUT TREES

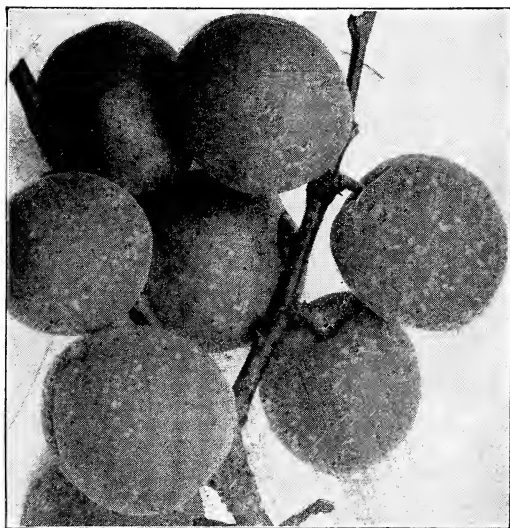
SPANISH CHESTNUT—The nuts are very large and find a ready market, tree bears young and is a handsome lawn decoration.

AMERICAN SWEET CHESTNUT — A valuable tree both for its nuts and timber; will grow anywhere and is very ornamental. Every farm should a grove.

BLACK WALNUT—A native tree growing to a large size, valuable for its timber, and the rich oily nuts are produced in large quantities.

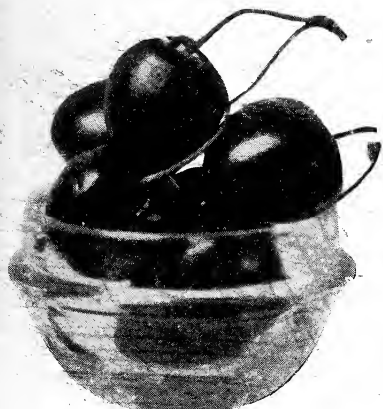
JAPAN WALNUT (Sieboldi) — Very hardy, rapid grower; bears young and is very productive. Resembles the butternut in shape, with smooth and thinner shell.

ENGLISH WALNUT—A fine growing tree with spreading head, producing thin shelled nuts of best quality and always in demand at good prices. Not hardy in the north.



Shropshire Damson Plums

Cherries for the Market



Tartarian

SWEET VARIETIES

BING—Is well recommended as a cherry of large size, delicious flavor; color is almost black, very solid meat; ripens late.

GOV. WOOD—A most prolific bearer; fruit is large, round, color yellow mottled with red, very hardy and profitable.

NAPOLEON (Royal Ann)—Fruit large, very solid, pale yellow when ripe. Late.

ROCKPORT BIGARREAU — Large, light red, erect grower, very sweet and juicy, good bearer, early.

SCHMIDT—Fruit in large clusters, color jet black, large size, sweet and juicy. July. Hardy and productive.

SIDNEY—Originated from a chance seedling in this county, is a beautiful red, very large size and abundant bearer. The only red sweet cherry that is really valuable that we know of. The original tree has produced 14 bu. of fine cherries in one season, does not rot easily, ripens last of June.

TARTARIAN—An old variety that is still popular; cherries of the largest size, black in color, ripens late.

WINDSOR — Fruit large, liver colored, flesh firm and good quality, tree hardy and productive.

YELLOW SPANISH—Large, pale yellow, flesh solid, sweet and juicy, tree vigorous and productive. Good market variety and will ship well. June.

SOUR VARIETIES

DYEHOUSE—The earliest cherry is a great bearer; the color is bright scarlet, very small seed, excellent for canning.

EARLY RICHMOND—The standard for productiveness and hardiness, fruit is a dark red, large, best for pie cherry, tree very hardy and productive.

ENGLISH MORELLO—Good size, long shaped, dark red when ripe, flesh solid, rich and juicy, late.

MAY DUKE—Large, dark red, juicy and very rich pulp, tree a great bearer, ripens early.

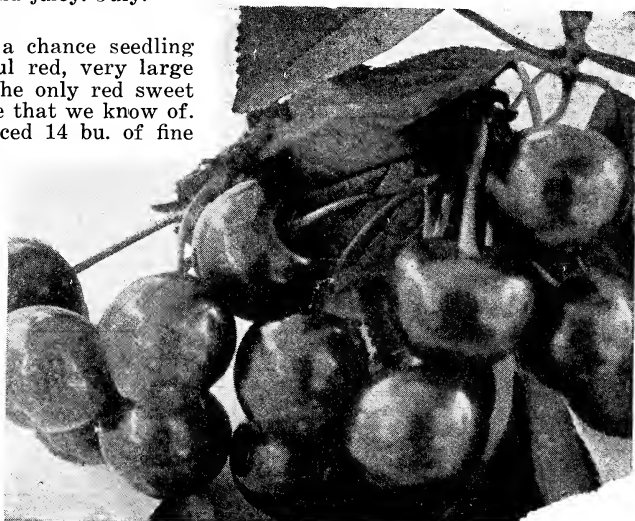
MONTMORENCY—Very large, bright red, ripens late when other cherries are scarce; hardy and profitable.

OLIVET—Large, deep red in color, great bearer, juice rich and vinous with sweet flavor, ripens late June.

WRAGG—Resembles English Morello, but said to be hardier in bud, flesh very firm, ripens late.

COMPASS CHERRY PLUM

COMPASS CHERRY PLUM—Is a cross between the Minor Plum and the Sand Cherry. Fruit some larger than an ordinary cherry, almost purple in color with a tinge of red, flesh yellow and good and fruit can be used for eating or cooking, tree seems hardy and productive, but is recommended more for home use than a profitable market fruit.



Montmorency

Thrifty Grapes.

AGAWAM—Very large; dark red, sweet, and early.

BRIGHTON—Large bunch, bright red, very sweet.

CACO—A cross between the Concord and Catawba, thus insuring hardiness and productiveness, without the defects of either its parents. Color a rich wine red, quality the highest and most delicious, strong grower and is free from disease.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—Very large, jet black, sweet and productive. Early.

CATAWBA—Very large; coppery red; the best wine grape.

CONCORD—Fine size, black, succeeds everywhere.

DELAWARE—Small fruit but fine vinous flavor; slow grower.

GREEN MOUNTAIN—Very early, medium size, thin skin but superb quality.

MOORE'S EARLY—Very large, black, ripens early.

NIAGARA—Large bunches, color white; excellent quality.

SALEM—Large, bright red; juicy and sweet. Late.

WYOMING—Large; bright red; is very sweet. Early.

POCKLINGTON—Large; is golden yellow; late; keeps well.

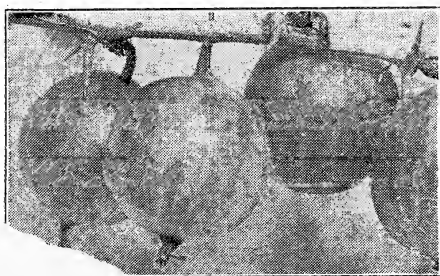
WORDEN—Resembles Concord except it is a week earlier.

CURRENTS

BLACK NAPLES—Is very productive, large bunch, the best black currant.

CHERRY—Berries very large; requires good soil, red.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—The bunches are large; very productive; red.



Downing Gooseberries



Concord Grapes

NORTH STAR—Bunches very large, berries are bright red, hardy and productive.

PERFECTION—Bright red in color, large size and best quality.

WHITE GRAPE—The best white currant. Mild flavor.

WILDER—Bright red with large bunches, a good grower and producer.



Moorpark Apricot

GOOSEBERRIES

CHAUTAUQUA—Very large, beautiful light yellow, very sweet and fine.

COLUMBUS—Very large, greenish yellow, good market variety.

DOWNING—Pale green; sweet, fair size.

PEARL—Medium, greenish, very sweet and productive.

RED JACKET—Large, free from mildew, productive.

APRICOTS

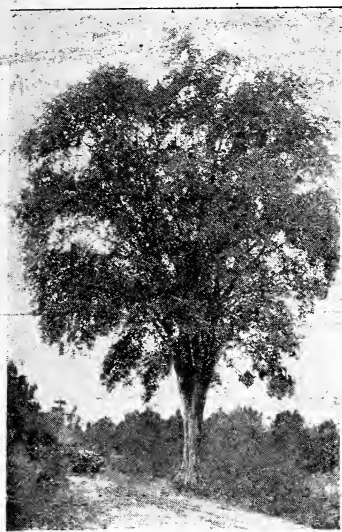
EARLY GOLDEN—Medium size, nearly round, skin smooth, flesh yellow, juicy and sweet, hardy and productive.

MOORPARK—Fruit large, yellow with numerous dots, flesh sweet and rich, productive.

PERSIMMONS

This tree is found growing wild in many parts of the country, and produces a fruit of a puckery nature, but if allowed to become frosted the flavor is much improved. The tree makes a neat round head with bright shiny leaves, together with its attractive fruits makes a good ornamental tree.

Deciduous Shade Trees



American Elm

AMERICAN ELM—Grows to 100 feet tall; has a wide, open top, excellent for avenues, where it succeeds well.

AMERICAN LINDEN—A stately tree growing to 60 feet high; valuable both as an ornamental and for its wood, makes a fine appearance.

BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING

CRAB—A small, bushy tree, valuable for its flowers produced in great abundance and very fragrant.

EUROPEAN MT. ASH—A rapid growing tree, growing large with spreading habit, darker foliage than the American Ash, and has a good ornamental effect.

NORWAY MAPLE—Forms a compact, round head, of a fairly rapid growth; to 40 feet high; valuable for lawn or park.

SILVER MAPLE—The most rapid growing of all shade trees; foliage bright green and grows to a large size; very hardy.

THORN, PAUL'S FLOWERING—A small quick growing tree producing masses of most beautiful double crimson flowers in May, followed by large red berries in later summer.

WEIR'S CUT LEAF MAPLE—Delicately cut leaves and long, half drooping branches cause an unique appearance; a rapid grower, becoming very large and spreading.

ORIENTAL PLANE (European Sycamore)—A graceful, wide-spreading tree, grows rapidly to 80 feet tall; large, leathery leaves, turning yellow in the fall.

CATALPA SPECIOSA—Makes a rapid growth; has large leaves; grows to a large size, being planted for posts.

PURPLE BEECH—A medium size tree, excellent for lawn decoration. Leaves are very showy, deep purple in the spring, changing to dark green in the fall.

HORSE CHESTNUT (Buckeye Tree)—A handsome tree for lawn or street planting, produces long spikes of white flowers; very hardy and a good grower.

PIN OAK—Leaves are deep green and glossy, turning to gold in the fall, growing faster than other oaks and makes a beautiful tree.

PRUNUS PISSARDI—Purple leaved plum, distinct little tree and very showy, covered with leaves that deepen in color to the end of the year.

WILLOW (Laurel Leaf)—Grows to medium size with green bark and bright shining leaves, very bushy and can be pruned to different shapes.

WEEPING VARIETIES

WISCONSIN WEeping WILLOW—A large and rapid growing tree, very hardy, branches long and drooping. Same as Babylonica Willow.

CAMPERDOWN ELM—Long, drooping branches; forms a broad, handsome, head.

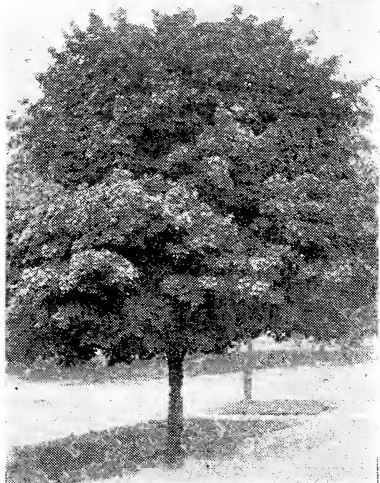
CUT LEAVED WEeping BIRCH—A most graceful tree of rapid growth, reaching 60 feet; bark white.

CATALPA BUNGEII—Not a weeping tree but is grafted to 8 feet from the ground, forming an umbrella shaped top; very ornamental.

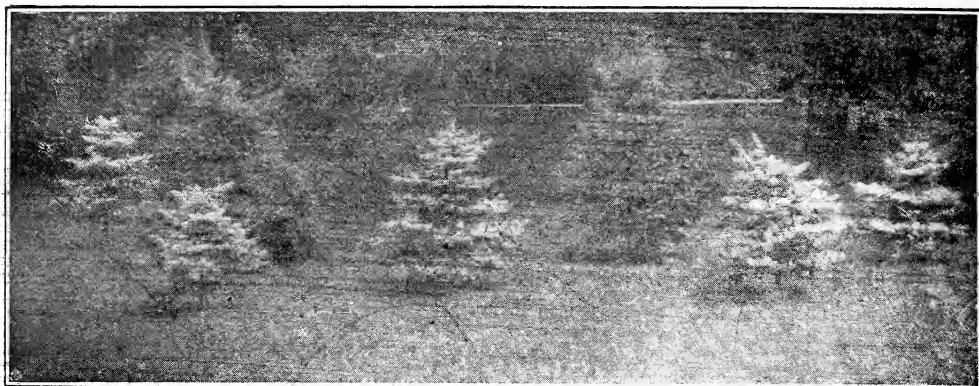
KILMARNOCK WILLOW—Grafted on a stem 3 to 4 feet from the ground; branches grow downward, forming a round head.

TEA'S WEeping MULBERRY—Is grafted on a straight stem 5 to 6 ft. from the ground, the branches droop down.

WEeping MOUNTAIN ASH—Has long, slender branches; and white flowers in May, followed by clusters of bright red berries.



Norway Maple



Selected Evergreen Stock

For a good windbreak, or to hide some unsightly spot, nothing can equal our hardy evergreens. By massing a number of kinds on the lawn, or even using a single specimen, a most ornamental effect is produced and these deservedly popular trees are coming into favor again. We have a choice selection of the best varieties.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE (Pungens Glauca)—A good grower, foliage is quite blue and very attractive, having broad plummy branches that form a neat angular shape for the head.

COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE (Pungens)—Seems much like the blue type except the foliage is almost green.

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE (Pungens Kosteriana)—Most beautiful dwarf spruce grows very compact and always makes a fine show.

NORWAY SPRUCE (Excelsa)—A tall-growing tree of imposing appearance, but is one of the best evergreens for a hedge if kept pruned.

AMERICAN ARBORVITAE (Occidentalis)—An erect grower but can be trimmed to any desired effect, foliage light green.

COMPACTA (Parson's Compact Arborvitae)—Foliage light green, growing compact and solid, very dwarf and slow grower.

GEORGE PEABODY (Lueta)—A dwarf growing beautiful golden leaved Arborvitae, is showy and fine.

GLOBOSA—Grows a round head naturally, has a dense light green foliage and is of the Arborvitae type.

HOVEY'S GOLDEN—A small growing Arborvitae, foliage light green with golden tinge and very compact.

RETINISPORA (Squarrosa)—The foliage is a light blue, soft and beautifully arranged.

RETINISPORA (Plumosa)—Makes a neat round head with feathery light green foliage; makes a nice show as a single specimen.

RETINISPORA (Plumosa Aurea)—This evergreen is fine for massing as it has a bright golden foliage that holds its color.

IRISH JUNIPER—Makes an upright growth like a column, foliage deep green and very compact; makes a nice effect in a cemetery.

SAVIN JUNIPER—Low and spreading with open top, dark green foliage, can be pruned to different shapes.

SCHOTTI JUNIPER—A vigorous grower, foliage light green, grows upright and makes a neat dense form.

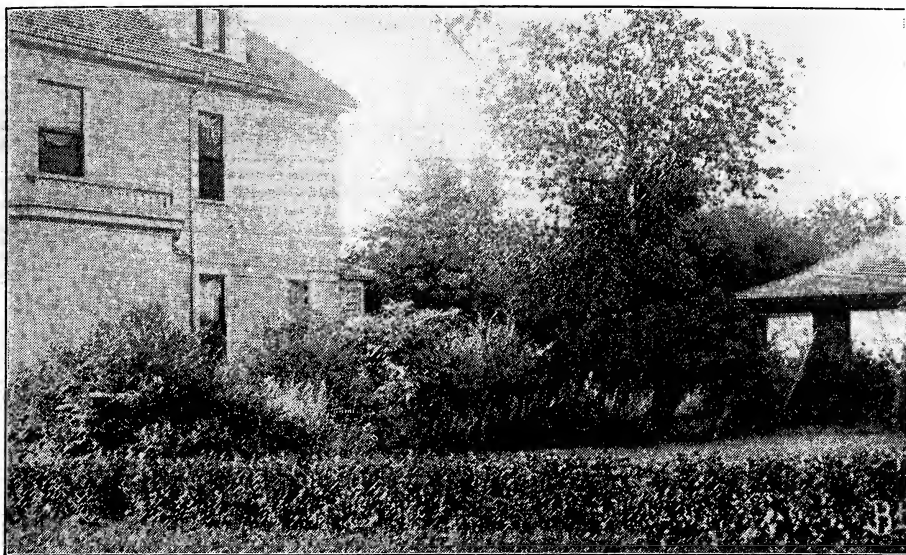
MUGHO (Dwarf Pine)—Very distinct, foliage light green, does not grow tall, but spreads out assuming a globular form; stays close to the ground.

SYLVESTRIS (Scotch Pine)—A rapid grower to 80 feet, long silvery needles, fine appearance, good for screens.

HEMLOCK (Abies Tsugo Canadensis)—A neat growing tree with dark green foliage and branches slightly drooping, forming a pyramidal head, with graceful upright growth.

BALSAM FIR (Abies Balsamea)—Makes a handsome lawn specimen foliage quite fragrant, dark green above and silvery beneath.

DOUGLASS FIR (Abies Douglassi)—Is compact and symmetrical in growth, silvery blue foliage, grows quite large but should have a place in evergreen groupings.



Ornamental Flowering Shrubs

A few shrubs planted at advantageous places or added to those already placed will improve the appearance of your grounds and at the same time increase its realty value immensely. We list only those plants that are recognized as the best.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)—A profuse bloomer late in the summer, small rose-like flowers in the different colors, double pink, double white, double red, and double purple.

BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia)—Might be called a summer Lilac, usually dies down in winter but quickly starts up in the spring, and in July is a large bush covered with long spikes of flowers resembling the Lilacs, and with a delightful perfume.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet Shrub)—Produces fragrant flowers of chocolate red; the old fashioned shrub that will always have its place in the garden and in landscape groupings.

CHIONANTHUS (White Fringe)—Has dark green foliage with snowy white flowers early in the summer.

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA or (Sweet Pepper Bush)—White flowers on long panicles, very fragrant, continuing to bloom through July and August, makes a small dense bush.

CORNUS ELEGANTISSIMA VARIEGATA—Small shrubs, red twigs, leaves colored with a mixture of green and white, very attractive.

CORNUS FLORIDA (Dogwood)—White flowers come early in the spring before the leaves appear, covered later in the fall with bright red berries; foliage green and glossy turning crimson in the fall.



Cornus Lutea

CORNUS LUTEA (Dogwood)—Bright yellow bark, making a fine effect with its green leaves in summer.

CORNUS RUBRA (Dogwood)—A small growing tree producing flowers of a bright red early in the spring.

CORNUS SIBIRICA (Dogwood)—Twigs are blood red and always make a fine appearance; has white flowers in the spring followed by a crop of red berries.

CORNUS STOLONIFERA (Dogwood)—Grows medium size, spreading top, has red bark and white berries.

DEUTZIA CANADISSIMA—Double white.

DEUTZIA CRENATA—Double white with pink stripes.

DEUTZIA LEMOINEI—Dwarf growing, flowers white, very large.

DEUTZIA. PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—One of the best, a strong grower, flowers large and pure white.

EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Burning Bush)—Branches are corky, some being almost square, leaves turning red in autumn, and makes a fine effect either in a group or as a single specimen.

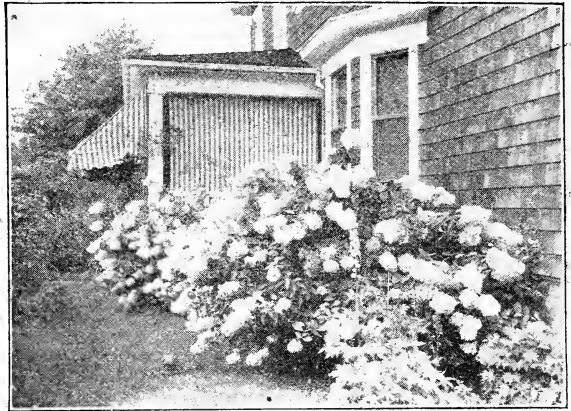
EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA (Pearl Bush)—Flowers are dazzling white and showy, the early buds resemble pearls strung on the limbs.

FLOWERING ALMOND — A double pink flower very early in the spring

FLOWERING CURRANT — Has bright yellow fragrant flowers, very early in the spring.

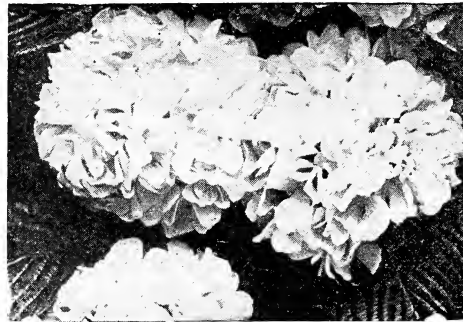
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell) — Blooms early in the spring before the leaves appear, the yellow flowers come out close along the green bark of the body and limbs in great numbers. We have the *Viridissima* and *Fortunei*, both yellow.

GOLDEN ELDER (*Sambucus Aurea*)—Leaves golden yellow in the sun, very fancy and ornamental in contrast with other shrubs.



Hydrangea Arborescens

HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY (*Opulus Viburnum*)—A large bush form shrub with dense green foliage, single white flowers in May followed by red berries.



Snowball

HONEYSUCKLE (*Lonicera*) — Bush form covered with bright green leaves very early in the spring followed by numerous flowers varying in the different shades of pink, some of which are very fragrant.

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)—

Grows into a round bush with masses of large white flowers resembling snowballs in shape. Does not grow as tall as the other *Hydrangea*, and makes a neater shrub.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—Is a strong grower and produces profuse masses of huge white blooms in August, which later turn pink and remain till winter. We also have this *Hydrangea* in tree form where this effect is desired.

JAPAN QUINCE (*Cydonia Japonica*)—Large masses of bright pink flowers very early in the spring, followed by small quince shaped fruits which are fragrant.

KERRIA JAPONICA—Grows to medium size, branches are light green and produce single yellow flowers from June till October.



Spirea Van Houttei

KERRIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA—Dwarf growing shrub, foliage is small and dense, leaves are silvery variegated, flowers yellow.

KERRIA WHITE (*Rhodotyus Kerrioides*)—Flowers pure white in May, followed by bright black berries which remain all winter.

LILACS (*Syringa*)—Very hardy shrubs producing masses of fragrant flowers early in the spring, and are noted for their beauty. We have these shrubs in the different shades of red, pink, purple and white in named varieties.

RHUS (Sumac)—Tall growing shrubs of great hardness, noted for their leaves, fruits and flowers. We have several varieties including *Glabra* or smooth Sumac, *Copallina* or Shining Sumac, *Staghorn* or Cut leaf Sumac and the *Cotinus* or Purple Fringe, also known as Smoke Tree.

SNOWBALL (*Viburnum*)—Short bushy shrubs that bear pure white balls of flowers in great profusion, generally in bloom for Decoration Day. We have the Common Snowball and the Japan Snowball, both good varieties.

SNOWBERRY (*Symphoricarpus*)—A small growing shrub, very hardy and will grow in dense shade; small white flowers appear in June followed by white waxy berries which remain all winter.

SNOWBERRY (*Indian Currant*)—Very compact grower, the limbs of which are simply lined with bright red berries remaining all winter.

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER—A dwarf growing shrub which has profuse masses of bright crimson flowers in July and August.

SPIREA BILLARDI—Flowers are pink, good grower, blooms late.

SPIREA FROEBELI—Dwarf but a better grower than *A. Waterer*, a great bloomer, flowers bright crimson in July and August.

SPIREA GOLDEN—A tall strong growing shrub with double white flowers, the foliage being a bright yellow in the spring, changing to golden brown in the fall.

SPIREA THUNBERGII—Flowers of feathery appearance very early in the spring, while its leaves form a dense feathery bush.

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA—Very handsome shrub, with dark green shining foliage, turning orange in the fall, flowers large and pure white.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—Produces a mass of pure white flowers in June; very showy and one of the best shrubs for general use in cultivation; can be used as a hedge, in clumps, or as a background for display.

SPIREA SALICIFOLIA—An upright grower with distinct willowy foliage and pink flowers.

SPIREA DOUGLASSI—Medium grower,



Weigelia Eva Rathke

spikes of rose colored flowers in July and August.

SYRINGA GARLAND (Mock Orange)—Noted for its fragrant white flowers in June which resemble real orange bloom, also makes a neat shrub.

SYRINGA GOLDEN—A dwarf growing shrub of striking beauty with its bright golden foliage, which holds its color well through the season and when planted with other shrubs or in clumps the effect is very pleasing.

TAMARIX HISPIDA—A tall growing shrub with feathery blue foliage and pink flowers late in the summer.

WEIGELIA CANDIDA—Strong grower, pure white flowers in June.

WEIGELIA EVA RATHKE—A most profuse bloomer, dark crimson, distinct and fine.

WEIGELIA ROSEA—A medium tall growing vigorous shrub, flowers produced in profuse abundance during June and in smaller amount in late summer.

WEIGELIA VARIEGATED LEAF—Leaves are beautifully bordered with yellow, very distinct and ornamental.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA—Has long sword like leaves which remain green all winter and give it a tropical appearance, and white flowers on long stems come in June.

Choice Selection of Roses

No other flower can be compared to the rose, for its color and fragrance dominate all other shrubs, at the same time having a wide range of growth such as the climbing bush and dwarf varieties, each bringing forth its blooms at various periods. We list only those varieties of each class that have proven their worth.

CLIMBING VARIETIES

AMERICAN PILLAR—Roses are single, very large, apple blossom pink, strong grower and holds its foliage well in the fall.

CLIMBING SUNBURST—Good grower, rich yellow flowers.

CRIMSON RAMBLER—A rank grower, immense quantities of bloom, very hardy, roses grow in clusters.

DOROTHY PERKINS—Shell pink, good foliage, profuse bloomer.

DR. VAN FLEET—Flowers on long stems, of delicate white, fine form.

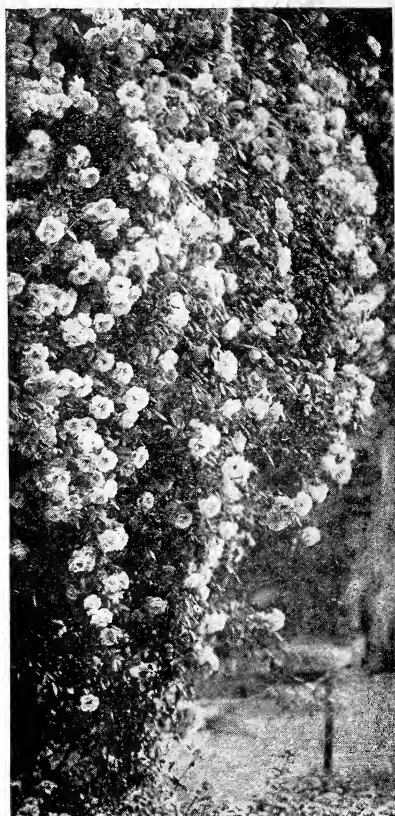
EXCELSA—Color a deep crimson, grows in large clusters, very double and produced in immense quantities. A rampant grower and is almost an evergreen.

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD—Much like Crimson Rambler except it blooms at intervals all summer, good foliage.

MARECHAL NEIL—Bright yellow and very fragrant, roses large.

SILVER MOON—Roses are very large, pure white, yellow stamens, very good foliage.

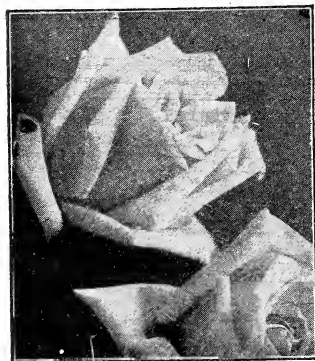
TAUSENSCHON (Thousand Beauties)—Just what its name indicates, rapid grower, light pink changing to carmine.



Crimson Rambler

HYBRID PERPETUALS

This class of roses is very hardy and will withstand our winters without protection, and in many respects are as desirable as any other class, except their blooming season may not be quite so extended, or the roses may not be produced in such great numbers; the greater part of their blooming is done in July and August.



Frau Karl Druschki

AMERICAN BEAUTY—An old fashioned crimson rose, fine form, good bloomer.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—A grand white rose, purest white without a tinge of any other color; hardy as an oak, roses large, fine form and produced in great quantities.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Familiarly known as "General Jack," large and full, color rich dark crimson, very fragrant, the best of the older sorts.

GEORGE AHREND—The pink Frau Karl, most beautiful delicate pink, best form, very hardy, the very best of its kind without question.

GEORGE DICKSON—Dark velvety crimson or almost black, largest size.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ—Bright crimson with fiery red center, the greatest bloomer of all.



General McArthur

HERMOSA—Bright pink, good form, loads with attractive roses.

KILLARNEY—Buds long and pointed, roses bright pink, fragrant, good form.

LA FRANCE—Rosy pink, an old favorite for the garden.

M. P. WILDER — Deep, rich red, large, full and well formed.

MRS. JOHN LAING — A clear bright pink, well shaded, free bloomer, fragrant.

PAUL NEYRON — Deep pink, great bloomer, the largest rose in cultivation.

PERSIAN YELLOW—Bright yellow, fragrant, grows shrub form.

ULRICH BRUNNER—Cherry red, is very large and attractive.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—A creamy white, fragrant, full and very double.

LADY HILLINGTON—Brilliant golden yellow, buds pointed, very attractive.

LOS ANGELES—A new creation from California, and the grandest all round rose ever introduced. Bush is strong growing, hardy and vigorous bloomer.

MADAME BUTTERFLY—A combination of pink, yellow and gold; perfect form, of delicious fragrance, large and very double.

MRS. AARON WARD—Rich creamy yellow, deeply cupped, very large and fragrant.

OPHELIA—Salmon pink, yellow at base of petals, is very large, on long stiff stems.

PREMIER—Pure rose pink, large and very fragrant, almost thornless; free.

SUNBURST—The deepest golden of all other roses; great bloomer, large, full, fragrant.

MOSS ROSES

CRESTED MOSS—Deep pink, well mossed.

SALET—Light Rose color, late fall bloomer.

DWARF OR "BABY ROSES"

This class of roses is very hardy and thrifty, and does not need winter protection, making only a small dwarf bush, but are great bloomers, much like the Everbloomers except the roses are smaller.

BABY RAMBLER — Pink roses, always in bloom.

CATHARINE ZEIMET—The white Baby Rambler.

ERNA TESCHENDORFF — Very deep crimson.

GEORGE ELGER—The only dwarf yellow rose.

RUGOSA

Useful for hedge or in groups of shrubs, the foliage being heavy and dark green.

RUGOSA ALBA—White.

RUGOSA RUBRA—Red.



La France

HYBRID TEAS AND EVERBLOOMERS

This class of roses usually needs winter protection; this can be easily provided by making a mound of earth a few inches up the bush, or if the bush be large, the use of cornstalks, straw, or burlap tied tightly around the bush will afford the necessary protection. This must be removed in the spring when danger of freezing is past. These roses bloom for a longer season than the Perpetuals, and are the true Everbloomers.

BETTY—Coppery yellow, fine form, good bloomer.

COLUMBIA—Glowing pink, the color deepens as the rose opens, very large, continuous bloomer.

GENERAL MCARTHUR—Dazzling red, well formed, a grand all round rose.



Madam Butterfly

PEONIES

These most beautiful flowers are easily grown, require little care and when once established will make their presence known every year for almost a lifetime. The following varieties we believe are among the best.

COURONNE D' ORR—White reflecting yellow, center carmine.

DUCHESS DE NEMOURS — Large and full, pure white.

FELIX CROUSSE—Brilliant red, ruby center, late.

FESTIVA MAXIMA — White, very large on long stems.

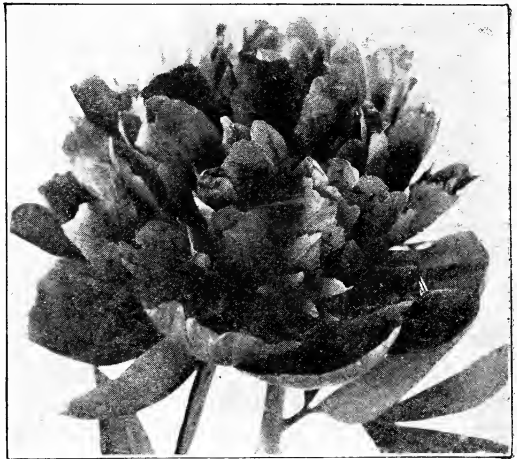
FRANCOIS ORTEGAT — Glistening crimson.

HUMEI—Late, silvery pink.

MONS. JULES ELI—Beautiful blue pink, large and fine.

MME. DUCEL—Pink, one of the best.

RUBRA SUPERBA—Late, dark red, long stems.



Rubra Superba Peony

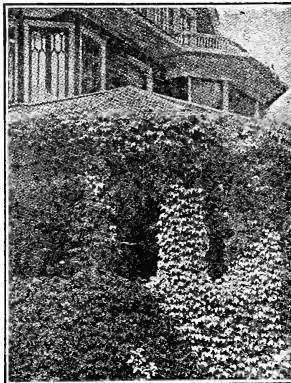
CLIMBING VINES

BOSTON IVY—Will climb over any surface without support, clinging to solid walls.

CLEMATIS COCCINEA — Light red, bell shaped flowers and blooms from June till frost.

CLEMATIS MADAM ED ANDRE—Bright red, large flowers, good bloomer.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA —The most vigorous climber and bloomer, being completely covered with small white



Boston Ivy

flowers in September. Very fragrant; will grow anywhere.

CLEMATIS JACKMANNI—Dark purple; very large. Forms a perfect mass of the richest blooms.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE — A hardy vine of rapid growth; very large leaves, flowers brownish and resemble a pipe.

HALLEANA HONEY-SUCKLE — Great climber and very beautiful, producing a very fragrant flower of a delicate yellow.

WISTERIA (Chinese)—A hardy, rapid climbing vine with pale green leaves; bears flowers in foot-long clusters in May. Color, purple.

HEDGE

BARBERRY THUNBERGII—A dwarf shrub of neat and graceful form; makes a good hedge; requires little care in trimming and is very hardy.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET—The best for hedge, thrives almost anywhere. It have no thorns, does not sucker from the root and can be trimmed to any desired shape or height.

IBOTA PRIVET—Grows more spreading than the California Privet, but where extreme hardiness is desired it is the best variety, as it will stand the coldest winter without damage.



California Privet Hedge

CROCUS, DAHLIAS, LILIES AND TULIPS

We expect to have a stock of these bulbs in season in the different varieties and colors, as the best results are received from imported stock.

GLADIOLI

Gladioli should be taken up in the fall and stored in the cellar like potatoes. Very handsome summer flowering bulbs, coming into bloom during July and August. We can supply a number of the best named varieties in the different colors.

PERENNIALS

PHLOX—A brilliant annual flower continuing to grow and bloom from middle of June till fall, grows 2 to 3 feet high, thrives best in open sunny spots, easily grown and very hardy. We have four colors, white, pink, red and purple.

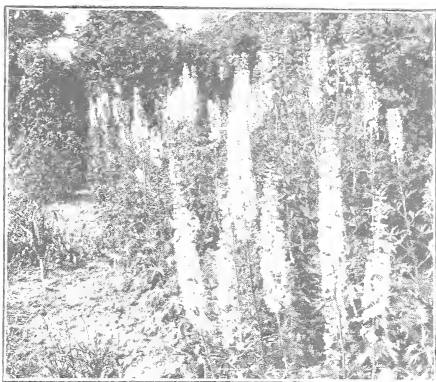
AQUILEGIA (Columbine)—Blooms in the early summer, remaining for a long season, colors are white, yellow, and blue.

CAMPANULAS (Canterbury Bells)—Grow 3 feet high, flowers in June, bell shaped, colors are pink, white, and blue.

CHRYSANTHEMUM—Blooming late in the fall, hardy out-door plants, better known as fall roses, colors are pink, red, white, and yellow.



Rhododendrons



Delphinium

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)—Tall growing plants producing flowers of great beauty in the different shades of blue only.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William)—Pink flowers in June and July, fragrant.

DIGITALIS (Fox Glove) — Thimble shaped flowers on long stems, white, July.

HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvels)—Grows 3 to 5 feet in height, large leaves and flowers are delicate color, pink and red.

HOLLYHOCKS — Will grow almost anywhere without cultivation, great bloomers, the long stems being completely covered with flowers, colors are white, red, yellow, and pink.

IRIS—Small growing plants with flowers of different shades of yellow and blue.

PAPAVER ORIENTALE (Oriental Poppy)—Pink or crimson flowers, very large, early in the summer, great beauty.

RHODODENDRONS

These are very popular plants for the all-year-round garden, as they retain their foliage the entire year and provide a touch of green to the scene. They will thrive in most soils free from limestone, and favor a partially shaded location, making them invaluable for decorating around the house foundation or on the lawn. The flowers are beautiful, and come in light pink, purple or light red. The Mountain Laurel (Kalmia Latifolia) is a good plant to use in connection with the Rhododendron, having small evergreen leaves and white flowers. We also have a stock of Hardy Azaleas which are tall growing shrub-like bushes producing flowers in great numbers in the different shades of white, yellow, and pink.

ASPARAGUS

PALMETTO—Very valuable market sort, large stocks and free from rust.

RHUBARB

MYATTS LINNAEUS—This is the best variety for general use, large stalks or stems, early, tender and good cooker.

SAGE

HOLT'S MAMMOTH—A strong growing plant, perfectly hardy, the leaves of the plant are much used as a flavoring for food.

BLACKBERRIES

SNYDER—Very hardy and productive; a great cropper and the most reliable market sort. Medium early.

ELDORADO—Very large and jet black, sweet, with no hard core; vine hardy and productive.

BLOWER—Hardy and productive; very large and good quality; fine color and good shipper.

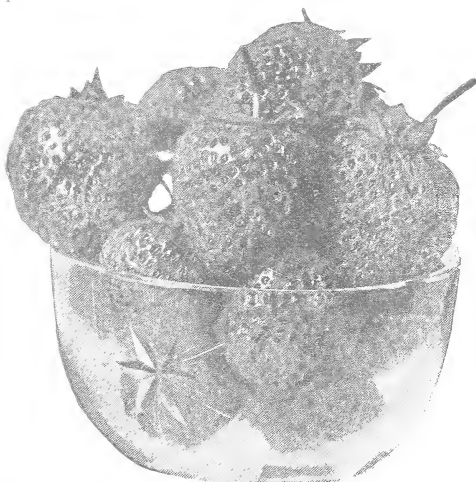
RASPBERRIES

KING (Red)—Very early, firm and good quality, strong grower, large size, hardy and productive.

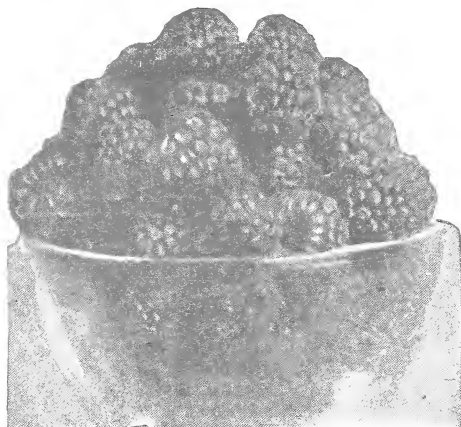
ST. REGIS (Red)—An everbearing sort that is well recommended; extremely prolific, berries large, firm and a good shipper. Bears the first season.

CUTHBERT (Red)—Very hardy and a good market sort; strong, upright growers, best quality, very productive.

KANSAS (Black)—Jet black in color, of good size, very hardy and immense cropper.



Senator Dunlap Strawberries



CUMBERLAND (Black)—The largest of the black caps; good quality, firm and a good shipper. Bush is hardy, a good grower and productive.

MULBERRIES

DOWNING—Very productive; fruit large and ripens all summer; black, sub-acid.

RUSSIAN—Vigorous and hardy in growth; good for windbreaks or other protection; fruit small but produced in immense quantity.

NEW AMERICAN—Very hardy tree, is vigorous grower and a great producer of excellent fruit. Ripens June till Fall.

STRAWBERRIES

Varieties marked imperfect will not bear when planted alone, but must have a Perfect bloom planted at least every third row. Varieties marked Perfect will bear when planted alone.

SENATOR DUNLAP (Per)—A rampant runner, producing immense quantities of dark red berries, firm and good flavor; of medium size, early.

SAMPLE (Imp)—Berries continue large to the last, colors all over at once; a good producer; one of the most profitable; ripens mid-season.

PARSON'S BEAUTY (Per)—Good both for home use and market, fruit large, is bright red to the center, medium early and well flavored, plants vigorous and strong growers.

WM. BELT (Per)—Most excellent quality; large size, bright red, good producer and shipper; ripens late.

PROGRESSIVE (Per)—This is an everbearing variety and has proven to be the best one for this purpose. Berries begin to ripen in June and they continue until frost. Dark red and glossy; of good quality; hardy; very productive.